

### *Abstract*

Hariana (A1A118033) with the title “Income Analysis Of Onion Farmers In Gerak Makmur Village, Sampolawa District, Sount Buton Regency. Supervised by Muh Ilham, SE., M.Si as supervisor I and Dr. Murni Nia, SE., M.Si as supervisor II

The purpose of this study was to determine the amount of income earned by shallot farmers in Gerak Makmur Village, and to determine R/C in terms of land area, capital and farming experience in Gerak Makmur Village. This type of research uses a survey method with a descriptive quantitative approach. The population in this study were all shallot farmers in Gerak Makmur Village, Sampolawa District, South Buton Regency, namely 134 who work as shallot farmers. While the sample taken in the study was 15% so that the sample size was 21 people. Data collection techniques used were observation, interviews, questionnaires, and documentation. The data analysis technique used is quantitative. The results showed that the average income of shallot farmers for one season (approximately three months) was Rp. 2,034,095 with a total revenue of Rp. 42,716,000 for all farmers, then based on the R/C analysis of land area, capital, and farming experience the average R/C value shows above 1 ( $R/C > 1$ ). The land area has an R/C value of 3.57 and 6.11. The R/C value of capital is that the highest is 6.11 and the lowest is 5.23. Judging from farming experience, the R/C yield values obtained were 4.85 and 6.90. So that the average Revenue cost ratio of shallot farmers in Gerak Makmur Village is at a value above 1 ( $R/C > 1$ ) with a value of 5.649 which means that the shallot cultivation occupied by these farmers is feasible or running efficiently.